

Mr. SPEAKER.—I think the rules will be published in the Gazette and copies supplied to every Hon'ble Member of this House.

Sri K. HANUMANTHAIYA (Leader of the House).—Apparently he is not reading the Gazette! (*Laughter*).

Sri J. MOHAMED IMAM.—Sometimes it is very interesting ; sometimes it is insipid.

## MYSORE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

### Presentation of Joint Select Committee Report.

Sri H. SIDDAVEERAPPA (Minister for Home and Industries on behalf of Sri A. G. Ramachandra Rao—Member Joint Select Committee).—Sir, I beg to present the report of the Joint Select Committee on the Mysore Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Bill, 1954.

Address of His Highness the Rajpramukh on  
Saturday, the 19th February 1955.

### MEMBERS OF THE MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AND THE MYSORE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY,

IT gives me great pleasure to exercise the privilege of addressing you at the commencement of the first session of the Legislature in the year 1955. I extend a warm welcome to you all and, in particular, to the new members of the Legislative Council and to those members of the Legislative Assembly who have been returned in the bye-elections in the course of the past year.

Before proceeding to state the important problems that will be placed before you for consideration, I desire to place on record my deep sense of grief on the demise of Shri H. Siddaiya who was holding the high office of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly. In him the State has lost a great patriot and an able statesman.

I am glad that Shri H. S. Rudrappa, an equally eminent person, has been elected as the Speaker and I am confident that he will prove worthy of the trust the Legislative Assembly has unanimously placed in him.

During the current year, very important issues with far-reaching consequences will come up for consideration at your hands. Some of the issues affect the territorial and economic future of the State in a manner never thought of before. Wise decisions have to be taken on these issues with the good of the country as the sole criterion, uninfluenced by personal or communal considerations. States Re-organisation.

The States Re-organisation Commission appointed by the Government of India is busy with its work. Its recommendations may result in the re-drawing of the boundaries of many States in India. Our State seems to be one such. There is naturally a great deal of difference of opinion, whether the State should remain as it is or should take in adjoining territories whose inhabitants wish to be united with the people of Mysore State. The aim of any re-organisation could only be the good of the people concerned. Increased prosperity and well-being are the only justifications for disturbing the *status quo*. In this session you will have a great opportunity of discussing this question. To facilitate proper consideration of this important problem, Government appointed a Fact-Finding Committee with Shri M. Seshadri, an administrator

of great experience as Chairman. The Report of that Committee is in your hands. I hope your discussions will enable my Government to place their views before the States Re-organisation Commission.

**Educational  
Reform.**

When I addressed you last in March 1954, the report of the Mysore Educational Reforms Committee was pending your consideration. Your approval generally to the recommendations of the Committee and the popular support it received in various Educational Conferences held throughout the State has enabled my Government to take steps to implement the Reforms. The reformed system of education was inaugurated on the Sarvodaya Day, the 30th January 1955. The reforms are based on the ideals adumbrated by Gandhiji and it was therefore in the fitness of things that it was inaugurated on a day dedicated to the sacred memory of Gandhiji and to remind ourselves of his teachings. Educational reform is a vast and comprehensive endeavour. The results of its full implementations cannot be seen in a day or even in a year. Its working has to be necessarily spread over a number of years and it comes to a complete working order after about a decade. There is, therefore, much time for us to rectify any errors that may creep into the system. We have to watch its working with earnestness and care. We have to make it a success so as to ensure peaceful and orderly progress of society.

My Government has undertaken far-reaching Land Reforms. land reforms with a view to ensure more effective cultivation of land and to make the tiller, as far as possible, the owner of the land. The Mysore Tenancy Act of 1952 which is in force confers security of tenure and fixes reasonable rent. The Personal and Miscellaneous Inams Bill which you have passed is awaiting the assent of the President. In this session, you will be called upon to finally consider and pass the Religious Inams Bill and the Mysore Tenancy (Second Amendment) Bill.

The agreement relating to the Kolar Gold Fields, drawn up between the Mining Companies and the Government in 1949, has not worked satisfactorily. There has been a steep decrease in the revenue accruing to Government under this head, and the present position is that, apart from the usual royalty, Government are not deriving any financial benefit from the mines. As desired by you, Government appointed a Committee under the Chairmanship of the Minister for Home and Industries to examine the working of the agreement and to make recommendations to safeguard the interests of the State. The Committee has concluded its deliberations and the Government are glad to find that the Committee has discharged its duties satisfactorily and expeditiously. My Government have carefully considered the recommendations of the Committee. They propose to place the report in your hands for eliciting your views before taking action thereon.

K.G.F.  
Mining  
Companies.

District  
Boards and  
Taluk  
Development  
Committees.

In my last address to you I had mentioned that my Government had appointed a Committee under the Chairmanship of Shri D. H. Chandrasekharaiya to make proposals in regard to the constitution of District Boards and Taluk Boards. The Committee has submitted its report. My Government has since informally ascertained the views of most members of the Legislature and have come to definite decisions. It has been found advisable to continue the District Boards and to constitute at the Taluk level Rural Development Committees. The District Boards will be constituted on the basis of direct election. But elections to the Taluk Development Committees would be too cumbersome and costly, and it is, therefore, proposed to constitute these Committees on the basis of nominations. While making such nominations, my Government will give representations on the Committees to all interests concerned.

Second Five  
Year Plan.

The First Five Year Plan is now in the last phase of its implementation. I am glad to note that in all sectors the progress achieved has been very near the target aimed at. Naturally, our country being predominantly agricultural, emphasis was laid in the First Five Year Plan on the development of irrigation, agricultural production and power development, etc., to solve the food problem and lay a firm foundation for future progress.

In the Second Five Year Plan it is proposed to increase the pace of industrial development. Rural

and small-scale industries are likely to receive greater encouragement. The generation of electric power, expansion of transport and social services and country-wide rural development schemes will find their due place in the Plan. In our State, the Second Five Year Plan envisages an outlay of about Rs. 100 crores, *i.e.*, twice the amount estimated in the First Five Year Plan. My Government, in furtherance of the industrial development of the State, propose to take up several new industries and to give all possible encouragement to private enterprise.

We are, no doubt, anxious to achieve all-round progress with the least possible delay. Five Year Plans have been devised for this purpose, but the success of the Plans will depend upon the resources that are made available to Government. The responsibility for finding the resources for the implementation of the Plans must be fully shouldered by every patriotic citizen. In the First Five Year Plan we expected to raise fresh revenues by way of taxation, loans and deposits to the extent of Rs. 23 crores. As against a sum of Rs. 18½ crores which should have been realised for the first four-year period, the actual realisations may come to about Rs. 6½ crores, made up of Rs. 2.30 crores by taxation, Rs. 3.40 crores by public loan and the balance from deposits and other sources, thus leaving a short-fall of about Rs. 12 crores. Besides this, there have also been reductions in the existing resources by increased normal expenditure and

assignment of land revenue to local bodies. The Second Five Year Plan, as already stated, contemplates twice the expenditure of the First Five Year Plan. Your responsibility in this respect has, therefore, been greatly increased, and I am sure you will courageously shoulder that responsibility and earn the gratitude of generations to come. Fresh measures of taxation and the floating of new loans are inevitable if we are to make our Plans a success.

**Legislative  
Measures.**

My Government propose to place the following Bills for consideration in this session :—

- (1) The Mysore Laws (Extension to Bellary and Amendment) Bill, 1954.
- (2) The Mysore Revenues Laws (Extension to Bellary) Bill, 1954.
- (3) The Mysore Revision of State Laws Bill, 1954.
- (4) The Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories (Mysore Amendment) Bill, 1954.
- (5) The Mysore Weights and Measures (Amendment) Bill, 1954.
- (6) The Mysore (Religious and Charitable) Inams Abolition Bill, 1954.
- (7) The Cattle Trespass (Amendment) Bill, 1954.
- (8) The Mysore Tenancy (Second Amendment) Bill, 1954.
- (9) The Mysore Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1955.
- (10) The Mysore Village Panchayets and District Boards (Amendment) Bill, 1955.
- (11) The Mysore Elementary Education (Amendment) Bill, 1955.
- (12) The Mysore University Bill, 1955.

I now leave you to your deliberations and wish you every success in your endeavours.

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